Norwegian Ferrybox network for monitoring of biogeochemical variables

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Background and history I

- The Norwegian FB Network has been in operation since 2001 (15 years)
- Part of the EU FerryBox project (2003)
- Covers now with 5 NIVA and 1 IMR ship a large part of the Norwegian coast and important open sea areas
- Norwegian coastline are more than 20000 km and the use of cost-effective ships of opportunity (Ferrybox) systems is a necessity.

Background and history II

- The ships are used in different end user application:
 - marine eutrophication (WFD, national prog.)
 - harmful algal bloom warnings (Aquaculture)
 - satellite validation (ESA S3VT)
 - ocean acidification (National monitoring)
- Part of Copernicus program and we report real time data to ArcticROOS
- The network of ships are included in several EU sensor and RI programs.



Background and history III

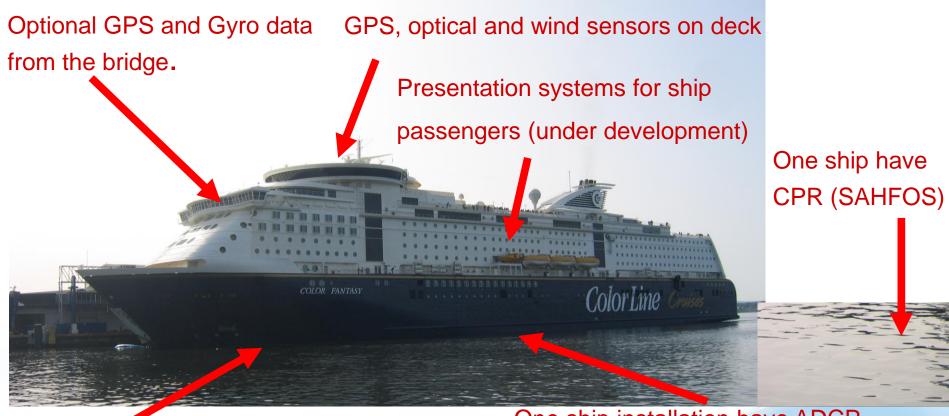
- Based on technical design developed at NIVA using different commercial sensors
 - physical and biogeochemical sensors for
 - temperature, salinity, oxygen, chlorophyll-a fluorescence, phycocyanin-, PAH and cDOMfluoresence and turbidity.
- The network now includes advanced sensor technology and sampling for
 - carbon systems variables
 - ocean colour validation sensors
 - contaminants (passive and active sampling)

NIVAs Ferrybox network

- MS Color Fantasy, (Daily)
 - Kiel Oslo
- MS Norønna, (Weekly)
 - Hirtshals-Seydisfjørdur
- MS Oslofjord, (Daily)
 - Sandefjord Strømstad
- MS Trollfjord, (Biweekly)
 - Bergen-Kirkenes
- MS Norbjørn, (Weekly)
 - Tromsø Longyearbyen
- MS Transcarrier (Weekly)
 - Bergen-Esbjerg-Beverwijk
 - Under planning (UNI-Res/Rijkwaterstaat)



The NIVA Ferrybox principle and the main elements in the system



Ferryboxsensors and water sampling at 4-5 m depth inside the ship

One ship installation have ADCP for current measurements and XBT (Univ.Rhode Island/Stoony



Sensor system on a Ferrybox







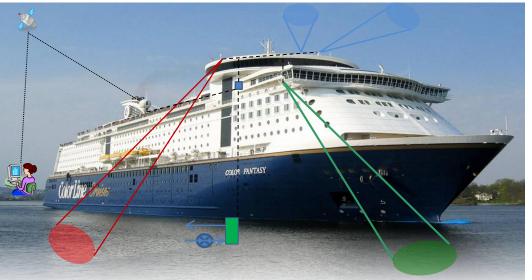


Deck-sensors

Surface temper. (Opt)
Wind and airpressure
Downwelling irradiance
Downwelling radiance
Marine Reflectance

Water-sensors

Temperature
Salinity
Oxsygen
Chlorophyll-a fluor.
Phycocyan. Fluor.
Turbidity/TSM
cDOM Fluor.
Oil-PAH
Nutrients (Planned)
pH and pCO2



Water sampling

Chlorphyll-a/Pigm Abs. Turbidity/TSM Nutrients Alge taxonomy.

Passive sampling

Contaminants

Not all ship have the same configuration. Blue are the core sensors





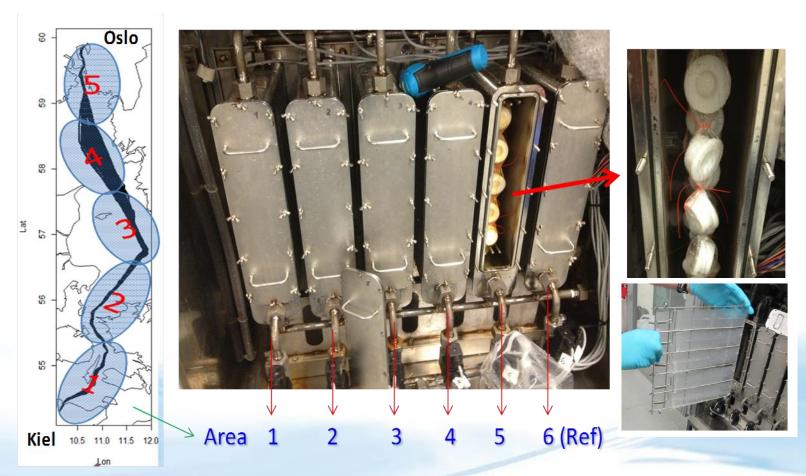
Carbon system sensor installation on Color Fantasy: pH (upper) and pCO2 (lower) are intergrated in the FB



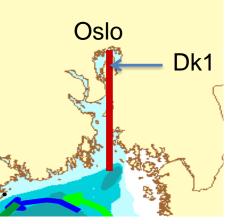




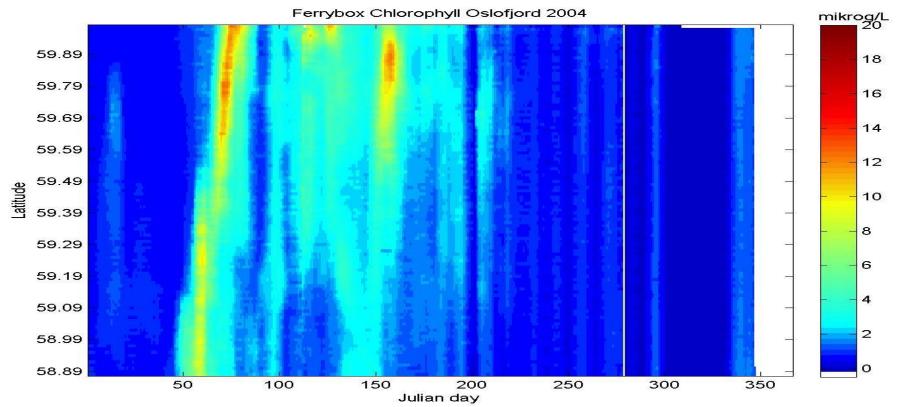
Passive sampling for SPMD or DGT using the Chem. Mariner system (Fantasy)





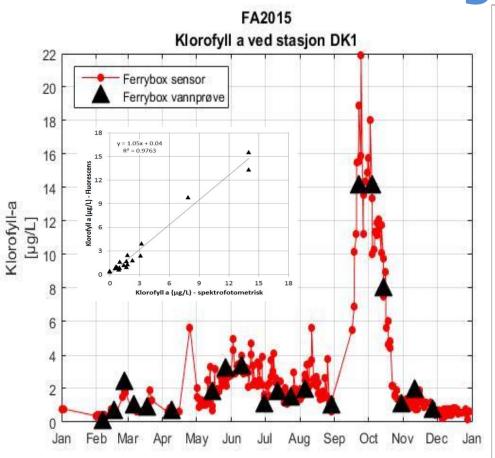


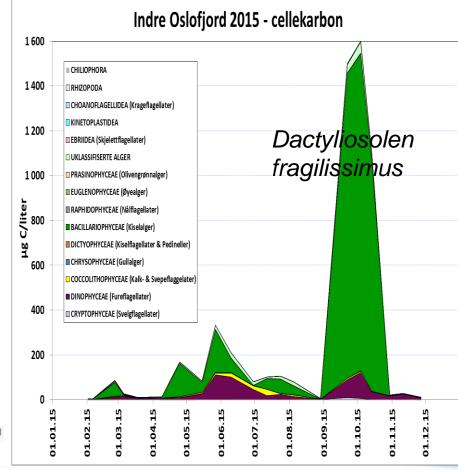
Example of chlorophyll-a fluoresence transect plot in the Oslofjord in 2004





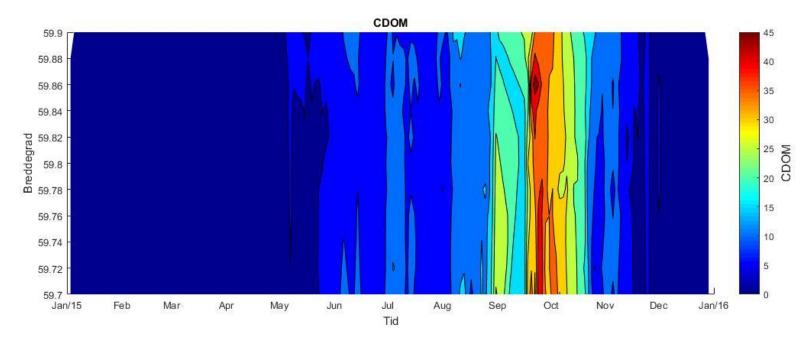
Chl-a_fl, Chl.a and phytoplankton as cell carbon on a monitoring station (Dk1)







cDOM fluoresence using TriOS Micro FLU sensor



- cDOM=Coloured dissolved organic material measured by TriOS Micro_FLU cDOM sensor picked up a strong signal in october. Micro_flu are factory calibrated (rel unit).
- Same time as the autumn bloom

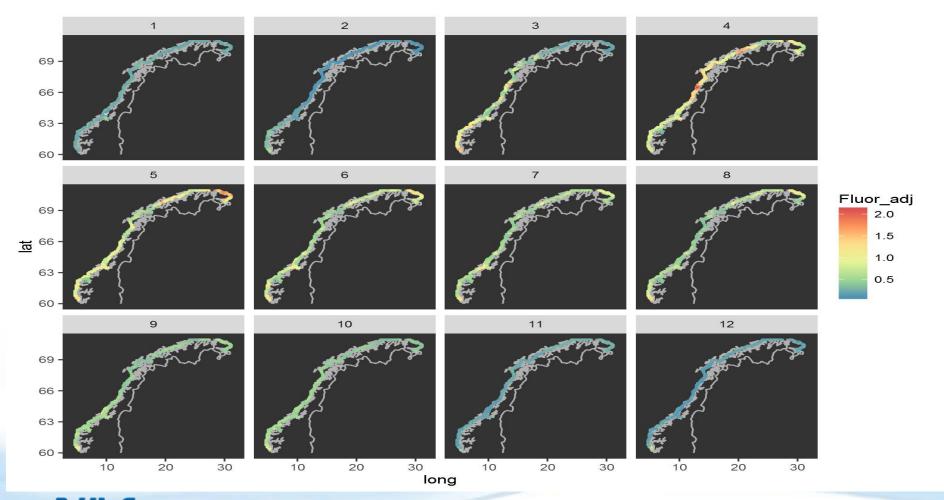


cDOM, salinity and Chl-a_fl at the monitoring station (Dk1) in 2015

cDOM in factory calibration (rel unit) Mar Apr Mai Jun Jul Aug Sep Okt Nov Feb Mar Apr Mai Jun Jul Sep Okt Nov Des Aug Jan Feb Apr Mai Jun Jul Okt Nov Aug Sep Des 2.5 3 8 10 12 14 16 18 Klorofyll a fluorescens (µg/L) Sep-Jan Klorofyll a fluorescens (µg/L) Jan-Sep

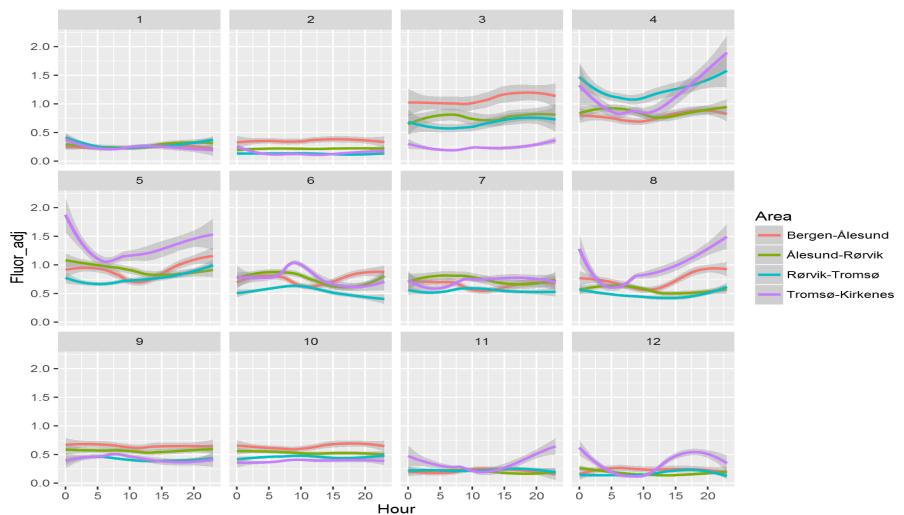


Timeseries of Chl-a_fl data from Norwegian coast 2005-2014

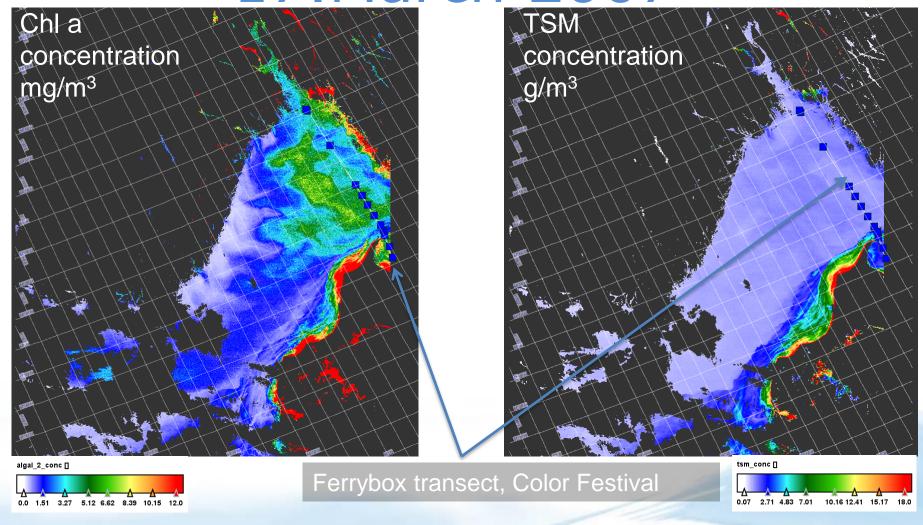




10 years monthly average of Chl-a_fl (mg/m3) in section

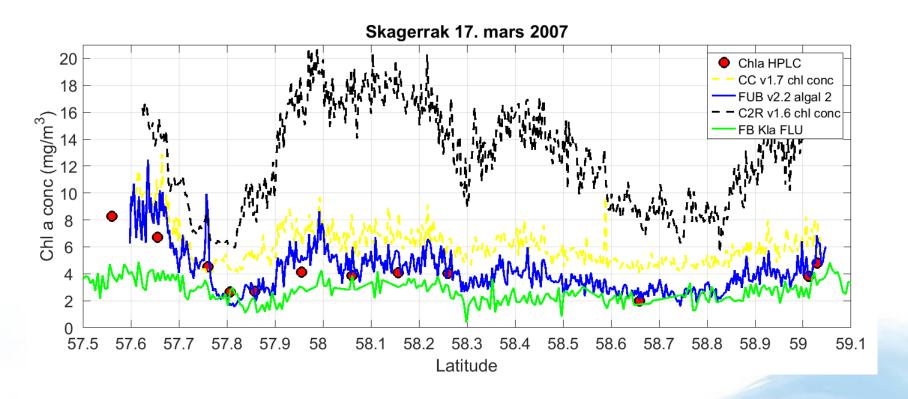


MERIS in Skagerrak 17.March 2007



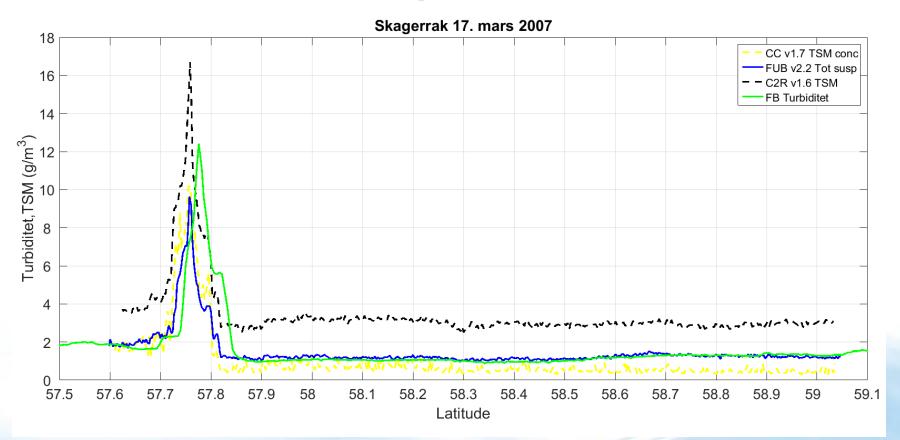


Satellite algorithm validation Chlorophyll-a



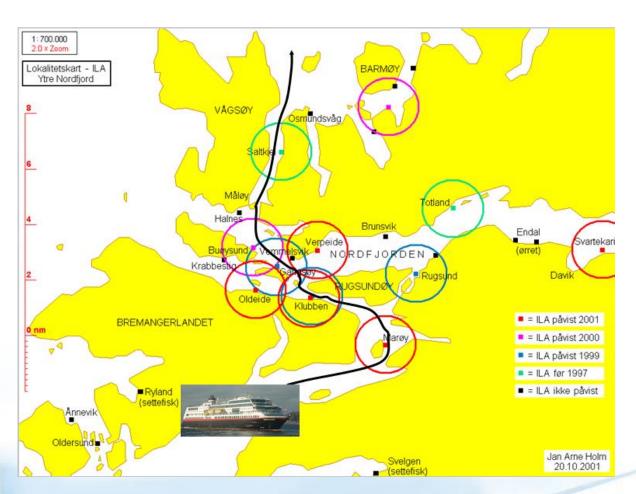


Satellite algorithm validation Turbidity and TSM





Monitoring Aquaculture areas

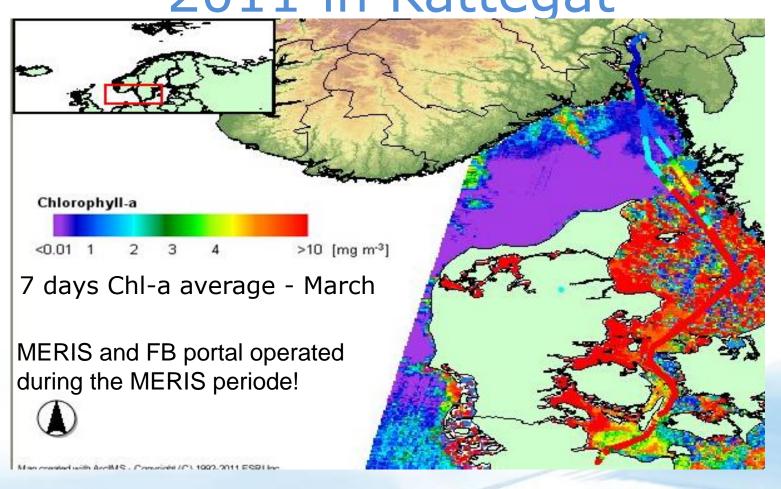


- Well boat corridors
- Area with restricted transport with open wells
- HAB monitoring
- Contamination between plants
- Verification of models for spreading of diseases



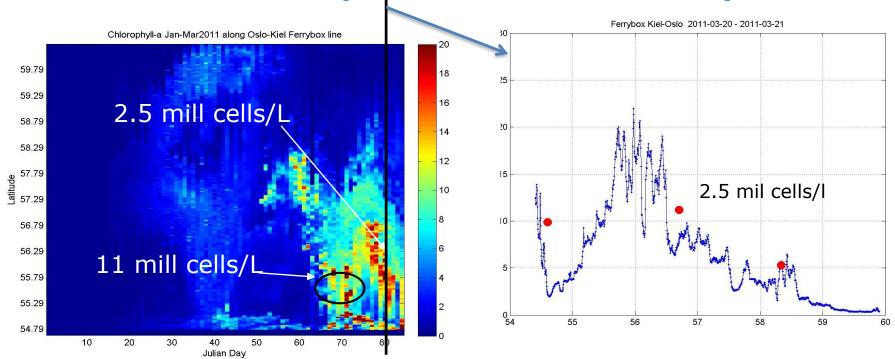
Monitoring of HAB events

Pseudochatonella bloom in March
2011 in Kattegat





The bloom was validated by water samples from Ferrybox



Pseudochatonella; Critical limit for fish are 0.5 mill cells/l Earlier blooms in 1998, 2000 and 2001;

1998: 350 ton fish killed,

2001: 1100 ton fish killed



